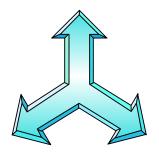
B2B and M2M Connectivity and Emerging Dynamic eCommerce

Speaker: Daniel M. Dias IBM Research Division, T. J. Watson Research Center Yorktown Heights, NY 10598 USA

Contributors: Asit Dan, Martin Sachs, Shaikh Hidayatullah, Thao Nguyen, Bob Kearney, Linh Lam, Cait Crawford



B2B Protocols: Large number and Growing

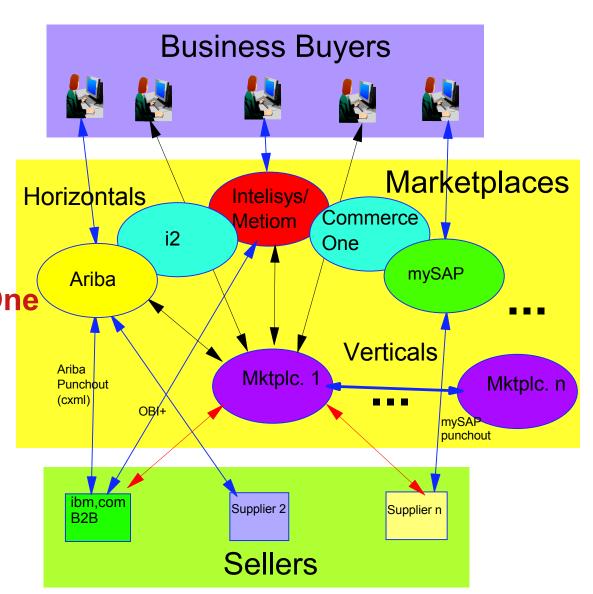
Proprietary/
Company
Defined

AribaPunchout;cXML

Commerce One round-trip;
 CBL

- mySAP punchout

- Intelisys
OBI+



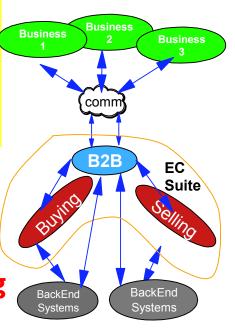
Standards/ Consortia

- EDI/ Internet-EDI
- OAG
- OBI
- RosettaNet
- ebXML
- tpaML
- SOAP
- UDDI

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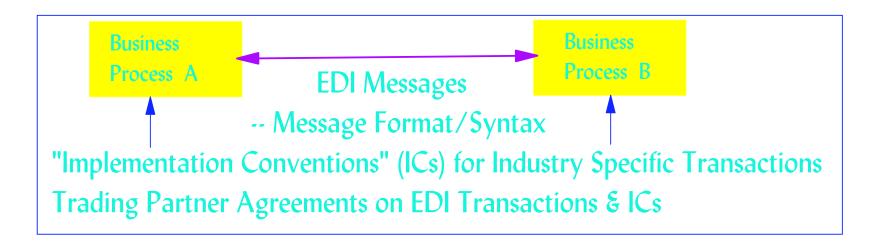
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 - Trading Partner Agreement Markup Language tpaML
 - Enterprise Business XML standards and tpaML WG
- Dynamic eBusiness
 - B2B life-cycle definition and "spontaneous" connectivity



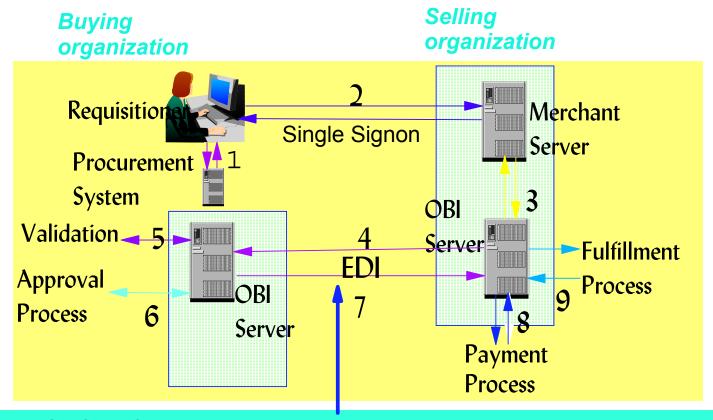
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Background and Environment



- -- EDI is legacy for Business-to-Business electronic commerce
- -- Open EDI being proposed as paradigm shift
 - * Shift the focus to Business Processes
- -- OBI (Open Buying on the Internet), RosettaNet proposed standards
 - * End-to-end process flow with EDI-equivalent messages
- => Move from messaging formats to end-to-end business processes Move from VANs to Internet

Open Buying on the Internet (OBI)



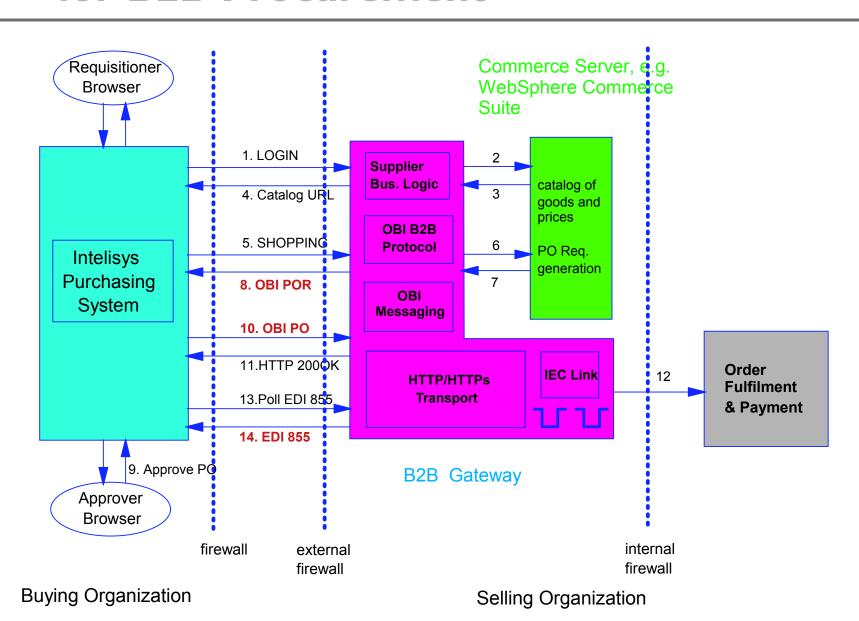
HTTPS, Certificate-based authentication, optional non-repudiation, base 64 encoding, EDI format;

not specified -- retries, duplicate detection/idempotency, asynchronous response times, status queries, order confirmation, invoice.

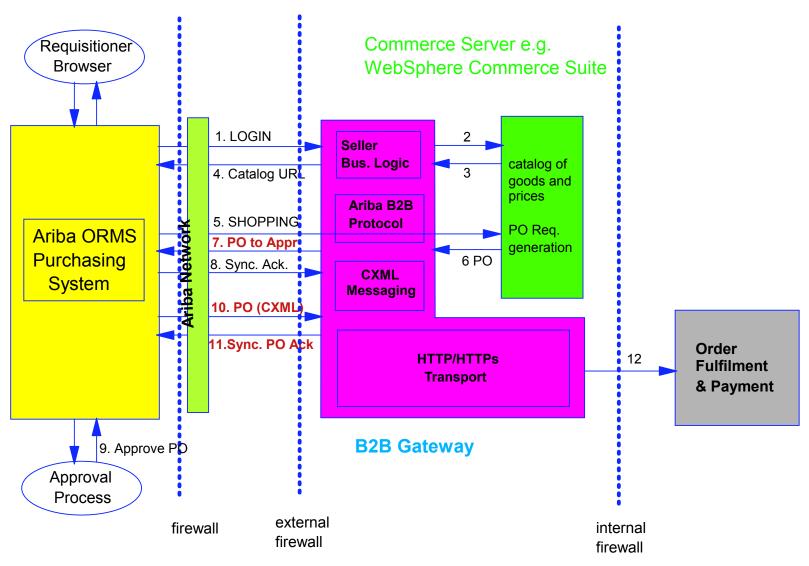
Various Derivatives from OBI

- e.g. Ariba Punchout, RosettaNet Puchasing PIP

Intelisys/Metiom OBI (+) Protocol for B2B Procurement



Ariba Punchout Process for B2B Procurement



Buying Organization

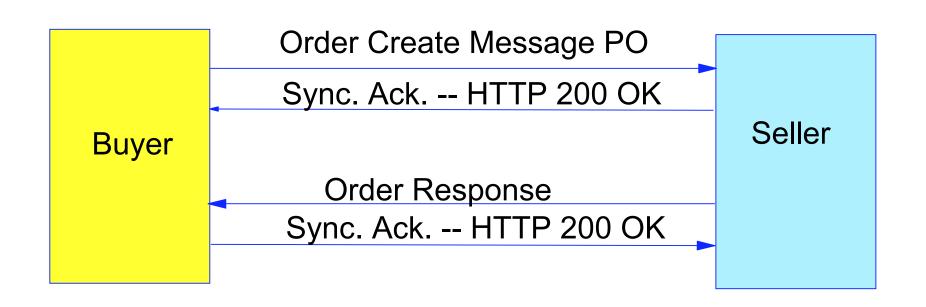
Selling Organization

RosettaNet

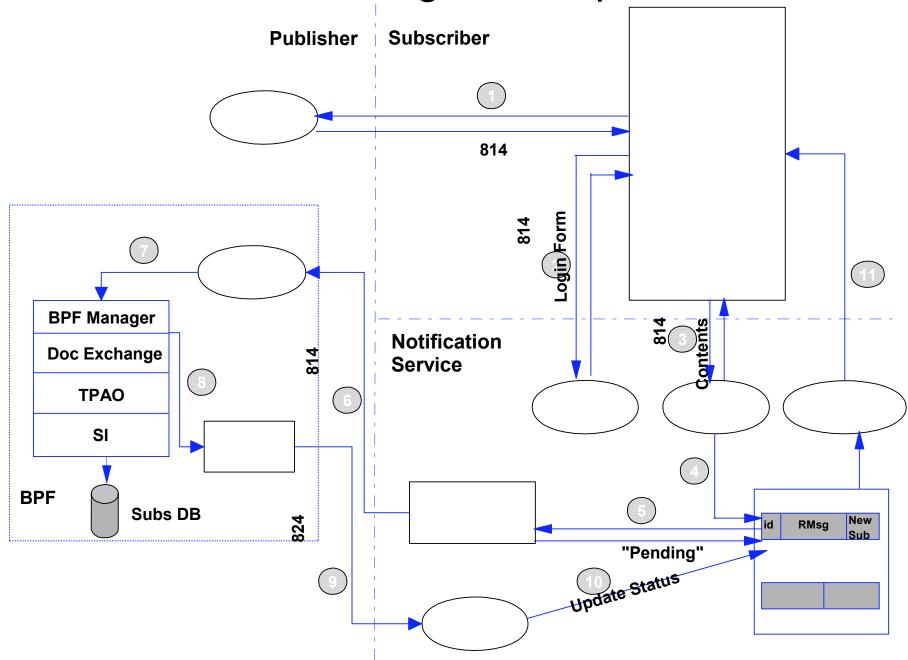
- RosettaNet Consortium is Defining Partner Interface Processes (PIPs) originally for IT Supply Chain
- Defined as Clusters -> Segments -> PIPs
 - Cluster 0: Support; Segment A Admin.; PIP01A (failure)
 - Cluster 1: Partner, Product and Service Review
 - Segment A: Partner Review; PIPIAI,2 Acct. setup, maintain
 - Seg. B: Product and Service Review
 - Cluster 2: Product Introduction
 - Seg. A: Prep. for Distrib.; PIP2A1-8, distrib., query
 - Seg. B: Prod. Change; PIP2B1-5, change prod., mkt., sales, tech.
 - Cluster 3: Order Management
 - Seg. A: Quote & Order entry; PIP3A1-7, req. quote, query price and avail., transfer shopping cart, PO, order status, PO acc.
 - Seg. B Transp. & Distrib; seg. C returns & finance; seg. D Config.
 - Clus. 4: Inventory mgmt; Clus. 5 Mkt. info; Clus. 6 Service & Support

RosettaNet Manage Purchase Orders PIP

- Principal messages in PIP
 - Order Create
 - Order Change
 - Order Cancel
 - Similar flow for each message



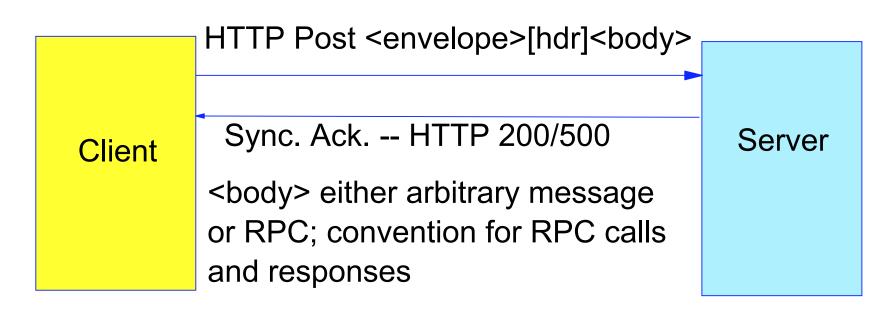
RosettaNet Catalog Subscription PIP



Scenario: Catalog Update PIP: Catalog Subscription 1B1

Simple Object Access Protocol - SOAP

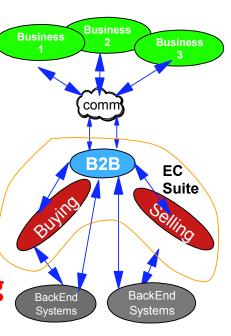
- SOAP proposal submitted to W3C by Microsoft, IBM, others
 - XML-based lightweight protocol for distributed info. exch.
 - Defines envelope for describing what is in msg., encoding rules for app. defined data types, and RPC conventions
 - SOAP is stateless; no bi-di communications specified
 - Needs Security and other extensions for use in B2B env.



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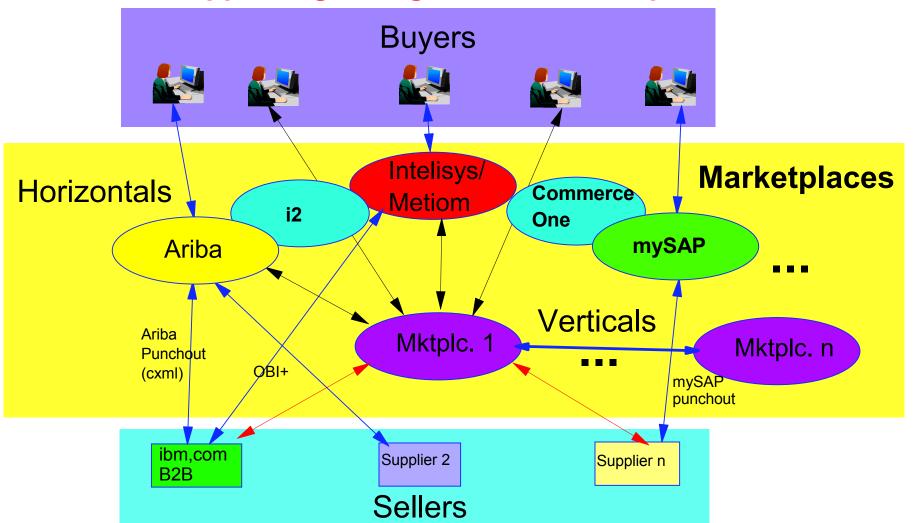
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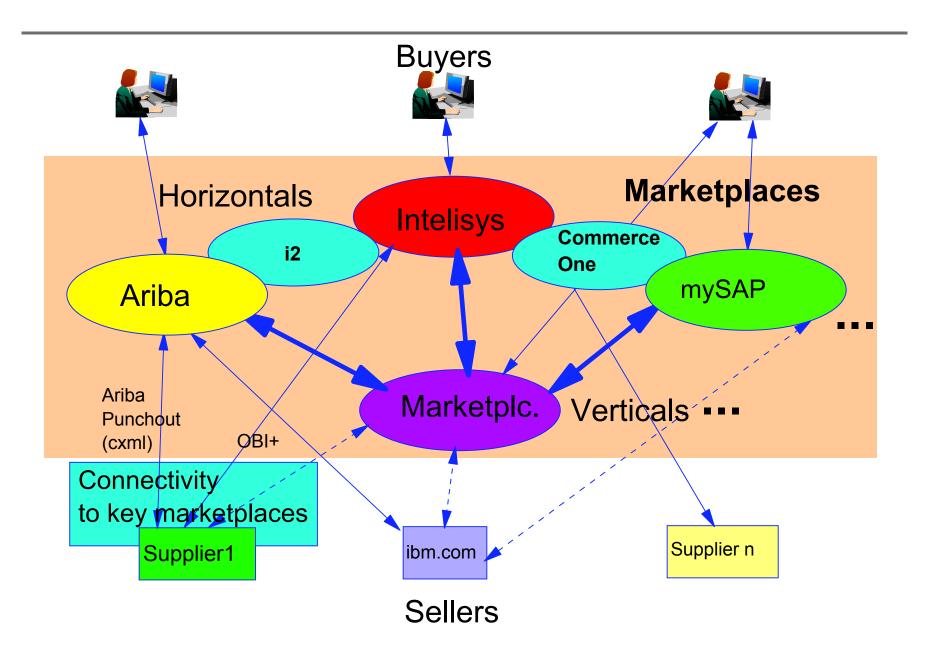


B2B Connectivity to Marketplaces: The Problem

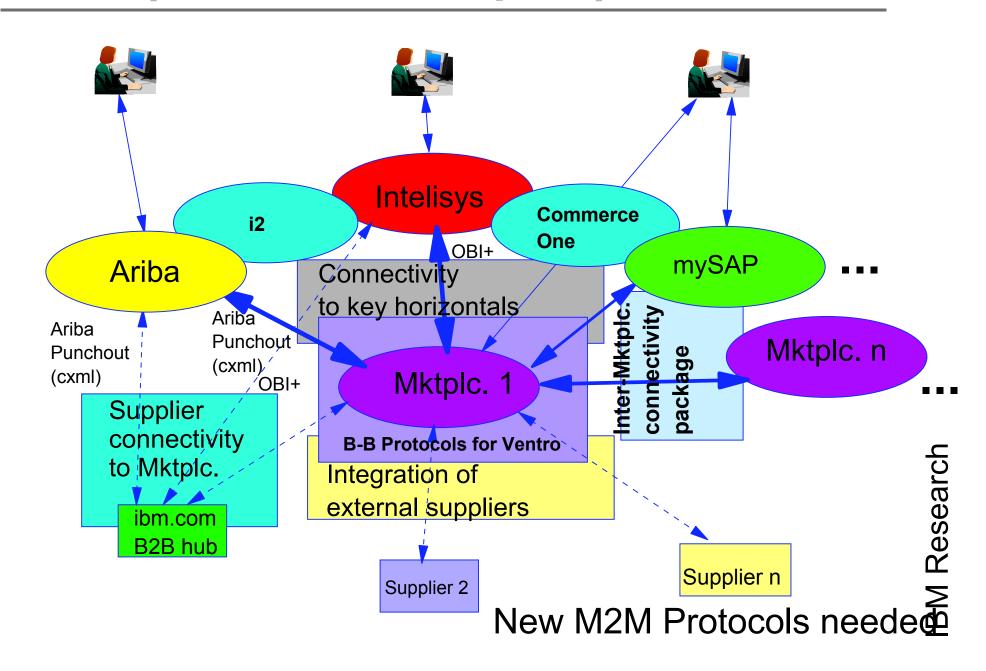
- Many Buyers have selected a horizontal /procurement network
- Different protocols for each network
- Need to support a growing number of B2B protocols



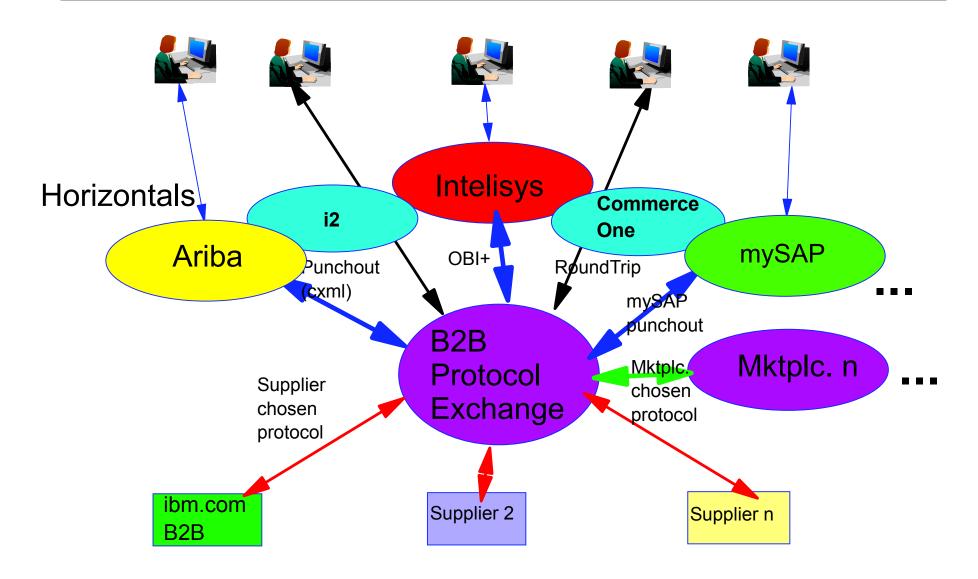
Supplier Connectivity Requirements



Marketplace Connectivity Requirements

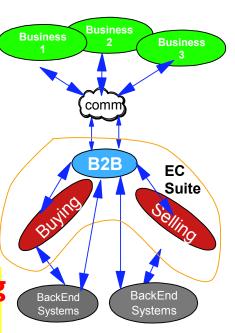


B2B Protocol Exchange Requirement

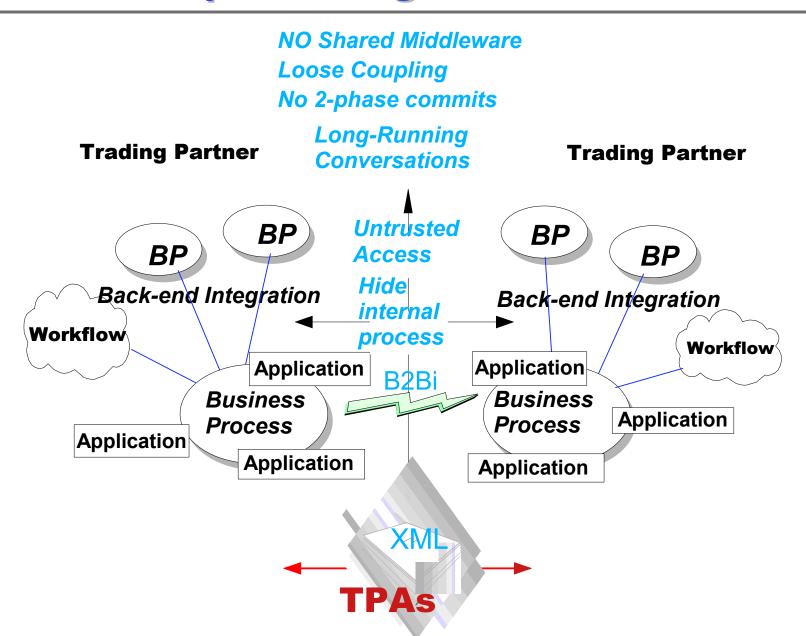


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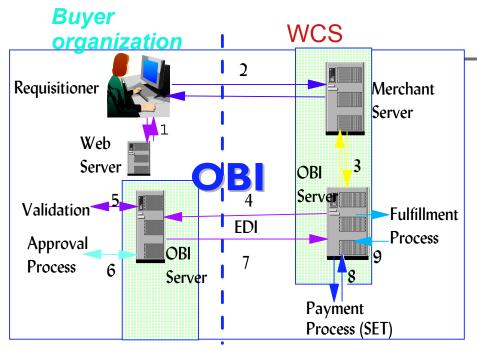
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Inter-enterprise Integration



B2B Architecture



TPA/ Service Contract

	Lxumpics
Overall properties	// Contract durati
Identification	// Business partn
Comm. properties	// HTTP, SMTP, e
Security properties	// Authentication,
Roles	// Buyer, seller, b
Actions	// Reserve, modif
Responsiveness	// Timeout
Sequencing rules	// Modify after res
Constraints	// Modify before 6
Recourse actions	// Refund, etc.
Error handling	// Retries, actions
Legal text	// Penalty if unrea

Examples

tion

ner info.

etc.

, non-repudiation

broker, etc.

ify, etc.

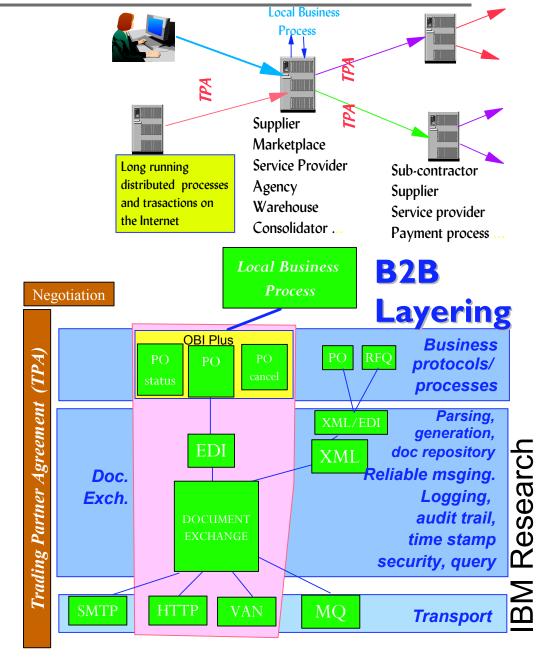
serve

6 p.m

s invoked

achable

General B2B Process Flow



Key TPA Elements To Be Specified Examples

	—
Overall properties	TPA duration, Business protocol
Identification	Business partner info.
Communication properties	HTTPs, FTP, SMTP, Messaging
Security properties	Authentication, non-repudiation
Roles	Buyer, seller, broker
Actions	PO, PO change
Responsiveness	Time-out
Sequencing rules	Change after PO
Constraints	Change within 24 hours
Recourse actions	Refund
Error handling	Retries, actions invoked
Comments	ID of accompanying paper contract

Formal Specification of TPA Avoids Misinterpretation Existing protocols specified as special cases

ebXML: Enterprise Business XML

- Broad-based industry consortium for electronic commerce standards (approx. 120 companies)
- Open XML-based infrastructure for global e-business information
- Lower e-business entry barrier for small/medium enterprises and developing nations
- Project teams related to electronic TPA
 - Business Process methodology
 - Message Structure and Routing
 - Trading Partner Profiles and TPA
 - Registry and Repository

Standardizing the TPA

- Interoperability is essential to wide-spread B2B e-commerce
 - Avoid vendor-dependent solutions
 - Partners with different implementations must be able to do business
- Create a vendor-neutral standard TPA language
- ebXML has begun a standardization activity on electronic TPAs based on the IBM proposal
- Draft tpaML proposal available from http://xml.org/xmlorg-resources/b2bxml.shtml

ebXML Trading-Partner Project Team

Mission

- Define a specification for creating the IT part of a partner profile and a TPA, which is a combination of two partner profiles
- Enable automated configuration generation from TPA

TPA

- IT configuration file, specifies only things that TRP messaging service can manage and enforce
- No business information
- No business semantics except message names/schemas and sequencing rules
 - Derive from BP metamodel

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XML based **TPA** Structure

```
<TPA>
  <TPAInfo>
    <!--TPA name, participants, etc.-->
    </TPAInfo>
  <Transport>
    <!--communication, transport security-->
    </Transport>
  <DocExchange>
    <!--message formats, message security-->
    </DocExchange>
  <BusinessProtocol>
    <!--Action Menu for each party-->
    </BusinessProtocol>
  </TPA>
```

Key Document-Exchange Elements

- Message encoding
- Option to check for duplicate messages
- Message Retries
- Message security
 - Nonrepudiation
 - certificates
 - Digital envelope
 - certificates

Key Transport Elements

- Communication
 - Protocol
 - HTTP, SMTP, FTP, VAN-EDI
 - Addresses
- Transport Security
 - Encryption definition
 - Authentication definition
 - Certificates
 - Each party's certificate URL
 - Certificate authorities' certificate URLs
 - Key length

Roles

- ■TPA may be in terms of actual parties or roles
 - Example of roles: buyer, seller
- Roles used to build prototype TPAs
- Authoring tool or registration tool resolves roles
 - Replace roles by specific parties everywhere in TPA
 - Fill in party-specific information such as addresses

```
<Role>
<RoleDefn> <!--1 for each party-->
     <RoleName>rosettanetseller</RoleName>
     <RolePlayer>IBM</RolePlayer>
     </RoleDefn>
     </Role>
```

Action Examples

Actions in a TPA are defined by the business application, not mandated by the TPA standard.

- Actions in a procurement TPA
 - Process purchase order
 - Modify purchase order
 - Cancel purchase order
- Actions in an airline reservation TPA
 - Reservation request
 - Modify reservation
 - Cancel reservation
 - Confirm reservation

Elements of Action Definition

- Request name
- Request message (schema)
- Delivery channel
- Reply name
- Exception reply name
- Maximum allowed service time
- Sequencing rules

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Action Definition

```
<Action>
  <Request>
    <RequestName>processOBIPOR</RequestName>
    <RequestMessage>OBIPOR</RequestMessage>
    <Channel ChannelID="name" /> </Request>
  <Response>
    <ResponseName>name</ResponseName>
    </Response>
  <ExceptionResponse>
    <ExceptionResponseName>name
      </ExceptionResonseName>...
  <ResponseServiceTime>
    <ServiceTime>time</ServiceTime>
    </ResponseServiceTime>
  <Sequencing>
  </Action>
```

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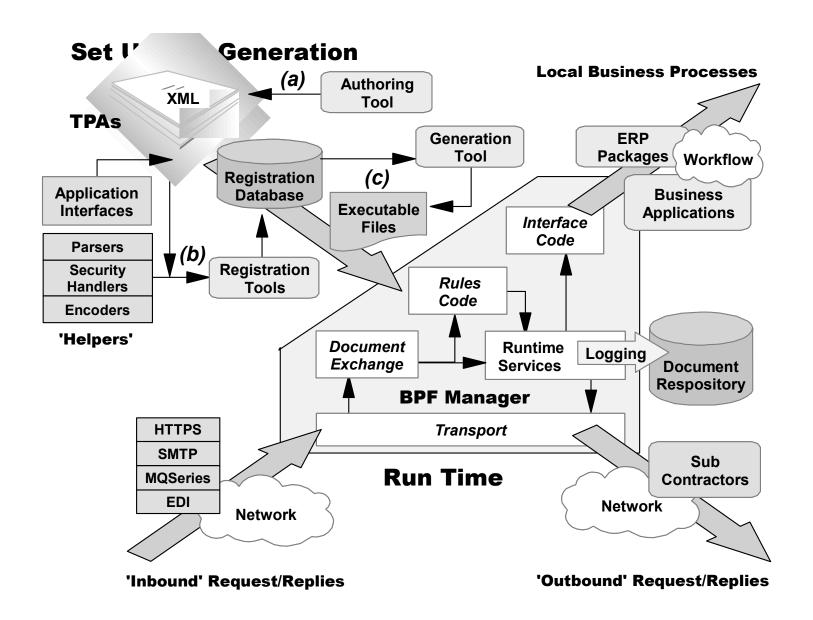
Sequencing Rules

Directly under Service Interface tag

```
<StartEnabled>
  <RequestName>action_name</RequestName>
     <!--one for each action allowed as initial action-->
     </StartEnabled>
```

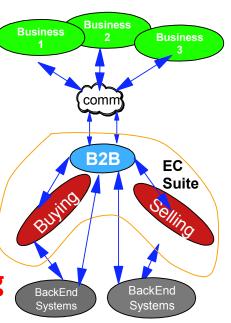
Inside Action Definition

B2B Integration Framework and TPAs

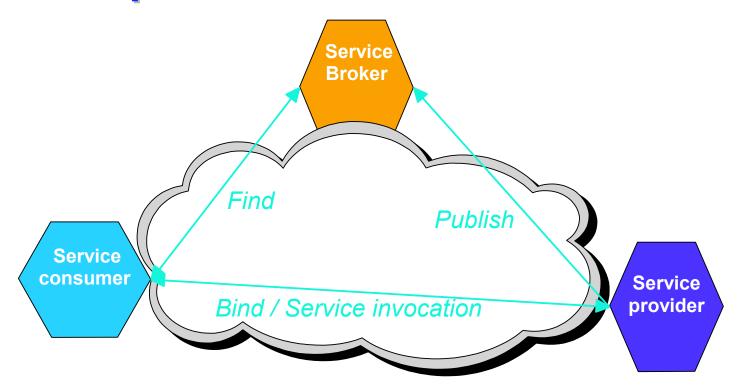


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Vision of Spontaneous e-Commerce



Locate services provided by other businesses, create agreement and invoke services

- Quick and easy business-to-business integration
- Dynamic business processes
 - partner discovery and selection, negotiation of terms & conditions, contracts, connectivity set-up, order/message flow, fulfillment...

Universal Description, Discovery, and Integration: UDDI

- UDDI spec. released Sept. 6/00 by Ariba, IBM and Microsoft
- UDDI provides Web-based registries for business description, discovery and interfaces
 - White Pages: Business name, text description, contact info. (names, phone #, Web sites, etc.), identifiers (e.g. DUNS number)
 - Yellow Pages: Business categories; 3 taxonomies in VI,
 - Industry: NAICS (US Govt.), Prod./Svc.: UN/SPSC (ECMA), Location
 - Green Pages: Business services, service descriptions, binding info.
 - tModel provides reference to info. on spec. of interface
 - tpaML template could be a tModel for B2B service
 - UDDI API provides functions for registering and finding information
 - SOAP messaging over HTTP used to access UDDI service

Automatic Contract Enabling System(ACES)

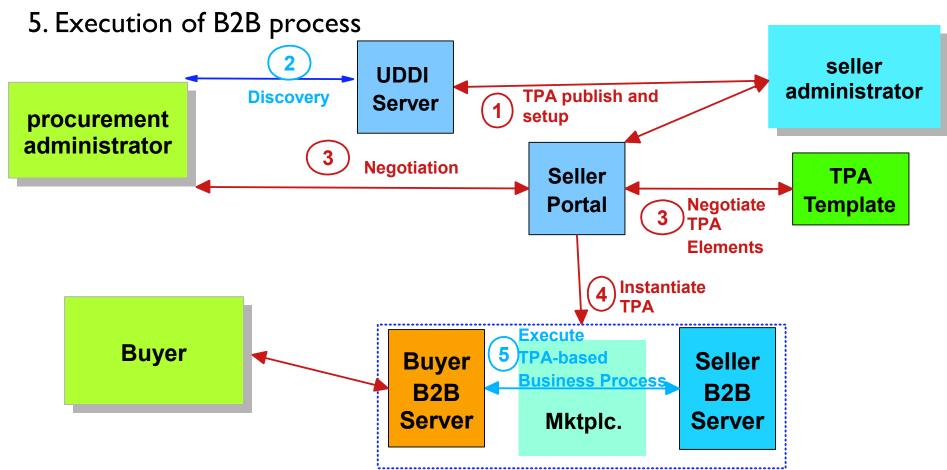
■ ACES Objectives

- Definition of automated contracts
- Registration and discovery of partner profiles
 - Could be done using UDDI
- Negotiation of contract
 - Protocols, business parameters
- Tools/infrastructure
 - Automate contract setup process

TPA/Service Negotiation Prototype:

Remote partner registration

- I. TPA/service template creation/setup
- 2. Service advertisement/discovery
- 3. TPA/service negotiation
- 4. TPA/service agreement submission/approval/registration/instantiation



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Summary and Conclusions

- A large number of B2B conn. protocols emerging
 - EDI, OBI, RosettaNet, SOAP, ebXML, UDDI, Ariba punchout, Intelisys/OBI+, mySAP punchout, etc.
- Connectivity becomes complex to implement
 - Supplier connectivity to marketplaces, marketplace-to-marketplace connectivity, exchanges
- These Protocols can be composed, specified and quickly implemented using tpaML
 - tpaML is being standardized under ebXML
- Dynamic eBusiness is emerging as a new paradigm
 - B2B specification, discovery, negotiation, and set-up for "spontaneous" connectivity

